

The Arctic-Boreal Vulnerability Experiment (ABoVE)





Photo: S.Goetz Photo: Dennis Quintilio

Stakeholders, Partners & Science Team meeting
Anchorage
Jan 2016





Objectives of Part 1 of 2nd Science Team Meeting

- Learn from collaborating organizations about your goals, objectives, needs, activities & stakeholders
 - and benefit from your experience (e.g. LCCs)
- Convey information on current Science Team activities to your organizations (in Alaska)
- Advance discussions together re: collaborative potential beyond that already established









What ABoVE would like to learn from Partners & Stakeholders

- 1. Ongoing research and monitoring activities that are not already part of existing ABoVE Projects
 - Specifically, activities there may be interest in proposing as an ABoVE project through a partnership with NASA.
- 2. The key information needs of organizations for management and/or environmental change monitoring
 - We'll work together on coordinating with ABoVE research
- 3. What activities organizations are carrying out focused on #2
 - What environmental change information does your organization provide to your partners & stakeholders?
 - What are some examples of these organizational relationships?









above.nasa.gov

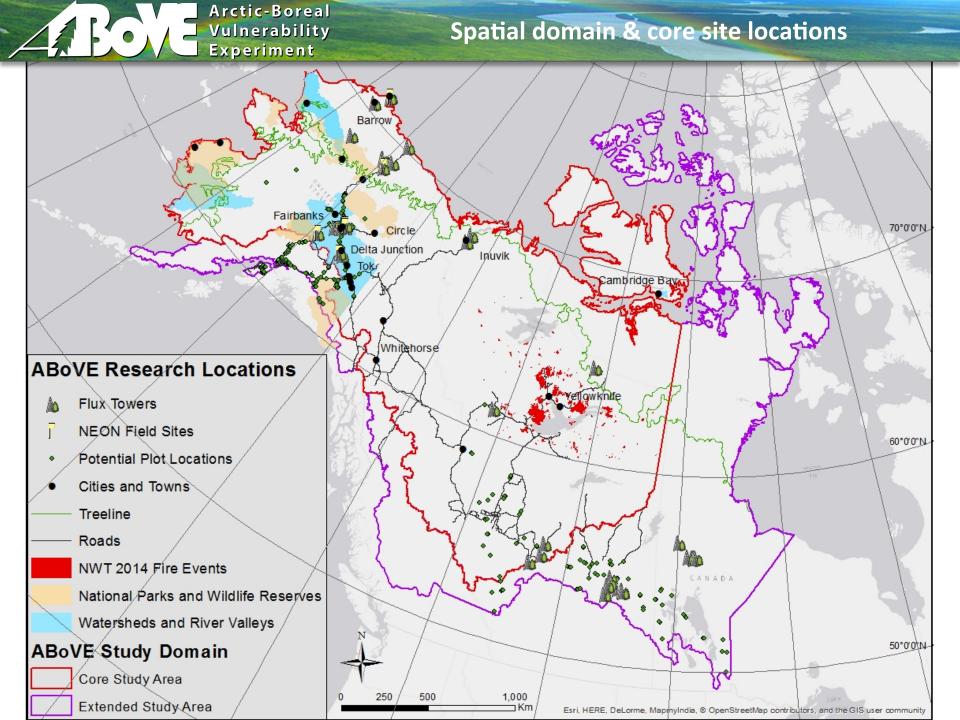






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ABoVE Overarching Science Question

How vulnerable or resilient are ecosystems and society to environmental change in the arctic and boreal region of western North America?





Photo: Torre Jorgensen









"Tier 2" Science Questions & Objectives

rier z Science Questions & Objectives														
Tier 2 Science Questions														
Section 3.1: How are	e Section 3.2: What				Section 3.3:	Section 3.4: What are		ire	Section 3.5: How are		Section 3.6: How are the			
environmental chan	ges processes are				processes a	re	the causes and		flora and fauna		magnitudes, fates, and land-			
affecting critical eco	affecting critical ecosystem contributing to				controlling o	consequences of		responding to changes		atmosphere exchanges of				
services - natural and changes in			es in		in the distrib	oution	changes in the			in biotic and abiot		carbon pools responding to		
cultural resources, human disturbance regin			es and properties of			hydrologic system,		conditions, and what		environmental change, and				
health, infrastructure, and and what are the			nat are the	permafrost and wha			specifically the			are the impacts on		what are the		
climate regulation - and impacts of the			s of these	are the imp		acts of	amount, temporal			ecosystem structure		biogeochemical		
how are human societies change			es?		these changes?		distribution, and			and function?		mechanisms driving these		
responding?						discharge of surface		e			changes?			
						and subsurface water?								
Tier 2 Science Objectives: Ecosystem Dynamics														
1. Determine how interactions among				2.	. Determine h	ere 3. Understar		stan	d how	4. Quantify how changes in the				
vegetation, soil characteristics, hydrology, and				in	interactions among microbes, vege				etation attributes and spa			tial and temporal distribution of		
disturbances influence surface energy exchange				pl	plants, and animals exert control hydrolog				gic conditions snow i			impacts ecosystem structure		
and mediate permafrost vulnerability and				O	over ecosystem responses to interact				and respond and and fu			nction.		
resilience to climate change.				climate change and disturbances. feedback				(to	to disturbance.					
5. Determine the causes of 6. Elucidate				e how climate change and disturbances interact				7	7. Determine how the spatial and temporal dynamics in					
greening and browning trends and with abo			with above	e- and belowground communities and processes					k	both faunal abundance and characteristics of fish and				
their impacts on ecosystem form to alt			to alter car	r carbon biogeochemistry, including release to					V	wildlife habitat co-vary across gradients of climate and				
and function. surfa			surface wa	ce waters and the atmosphere.						disturbance.				
Tier 2 Science Objectives: Ecosystem Services														
1. Assess how	2. Determine how			3. E	valuate how	how changes to 5.		5. [. Determine the sources of		6. Determine the degree to			
future climate	changes to disturbance		char	nges to	d cultural v		var	variations in climate		which changing environment				
warming is likely	regimes, flora and fauna,			ecos	systems will	resources will impact local			feedbacks from Arctic and			and altered human activities		
to affect	permafrost conditions,			influ	ience	es as well as bo		oreal ecosystems and		result in synergistic or				
infrastructure and	and/or hydrology			subs	sistence	land		ass	assess the potential for		antagonistic changes in			
transportation	tation influence human health			орр	portunities. management			nt policies and fut		iture changes to climate		ecosystem services.		
networks. outcomes in the ABR.					practices.			regulating services at						
								regional to global scales.						





Phases & Timing (2015 ~ 2024)

	Phase I		! ! !	Phase II	! !	Phase III				
	on Ecos Dynamic Objective	SS .	I	on Ecos es Obje	<i>-</i>	Focus on Analysis and Synthesis				
Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	4 Yr5 Yr6		Yr7	Yr8	Yr9		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		

Currently 100 funded investigators & 130+ collaborators

>38 projects supported (21 from 1st NASA ABoVE call)

The size of ABoVE will grow & it *must add up to more than the sum* of the parts (projects). Partners & stakeholders can help (alot!)



Current Thematic / Disciplinary Working Groups

- Flora
 - Vegetation dynamics & distribution
 - Vegetation structure & function
- Fauna & Ecosystem Services
- Disturbance
 - Fire & insects
- Carbon dynamics / BGC
- Hydrology & Permafrost
- Modeling framework
- Airborne science
- ad hoc WGs formed as needed
 - > Data, core variables, geospatial products, etc



Photo: Olof Carmel





But it's really about coordinating & facilitating interdisciplinary science in a vulnerability / resiliency framework

- > Fauna vegetation interactions
- > Fire vegetation recovery / interactions
- Permafrost fire BGC interactions
- Hydrology permafrost interactions









Partner & stakeholder collaboration is essential

- Project level collaborations are already formed
- Can we extend those to additional projects?
- > How can we best inform each others efforts?
- Where & what are the synergies?

Let's collectively advance each others efforts & broaden the base



